A Wall application (interiors)

I. Processing wedi building boards

a) Full-surface bonding (without dowelling) on load-bearing substrates

- All substrates must be solid, load-bearing, non-deformable and free from dust, dirt and other contaminations.
- Primer must be applied to both highly absorbent mineral surfaces (e.g.: cement or gypsum plaster) and smooth, non-absorbent substrates (e.g.: old tiles) which cannot be removed.
- The residual moisture content of the substrates must not exceed the following values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substrate Type</th>
<th>Moisture Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gypsum-bound plasters</td>
<td>1.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Apply a commercially available thin-bed mortar (recommendation: universal tile adhesive) to the complete surface of the building boards (minimum thickness of 6 mm) and align them fully. After alignment, to reinforce the butt joints of the individual building boards, either use wedi Tools joint reinforcement tape and bed in with the same mortar as above or reinforce the joints without the need for a mortar using wedi Tools self-adhesive reinforcement tape.
- In areas exposed to splash water, the butt joints of the building boards must be sealed. This can be completed by using wedi Tools sealing tape which also reinforces the joints once it’s bedded in with a commercially available thin-bed mortar (recommendation: universal tile adhesive). Another type of sealing is the full-surface bonding of the butt joint edges using wedi 610 adhesive sealant. In this case, after applying the wedi 610 adhesive, the reinforcement of the joints needs to be carried out with either using wedi Tools joint reinforcement tape and the same mortar as above or using wedi Tools self-adhesive reinforcement tape.

b) Full-surface bonding (with dowelling) on substrates without load-bearing capacity

- This mounting method is applied if permanent bonding of wedi building boards to the substrate is not possible due to blocking surface, separating layers or the like. The processing of the building boards should be carried out as described under a). In addition to this, the building boards must be dowelled before the butt joints are reinforced. For this wedi Tools metals dowel (galvanised or stainless steel) is recommended at a minimum fixing rate of 5 dowels/m². The dow-

- The dowels must be positioned according to the diagrams. The reinforcement and/or sealing of the building board butt joints should be carried out as explained under a).

b) Spot bonding (with dowelling) on uneven substrates

This mounting method is applied if full-surface bonding to the substrate is not possible due to existing surface irregularities. wedi building boards with a thickness of 20 mm or more are
used for these types of applications depending on the task to be solved. Use a screwdriver to punch holes (as per dowelling rule: diagrams below, min 5/m²) then apply dabs of thin-bed mortar (recommendation: universal tile adhesive) in line with the hole markings. The building boards then placed against the wall and must be aligned to ensure that substrate is even, perpendicular and flush. Allow the dabs to dry before drilling holes through the pre-punched holes/mortar dabs into the wall (8 mm drill bit recommended). Insert wedi Tools metal dowels (galvanised or stainless steel) into the holes through the dab of mortar and wait until the mortar hardens before hammering them totally in. The insertion depth of the dowel in the load-bearing substrate must not be less than 35 mm and the dowels required thickness of wedi building board is 12.5 mm. Where the stud distance is reduced to/below 300 mm, 10 mm thick building boards can also be used. Mounting to the substructure is carried out by using commercially available wood or drywall screws and wedi Tools washers (galvanised or stainless steel). The screws must be positioned according to the diagrams below. The reinforcement and sealing of the building board butt joints should be carried out as explained under a).

**d) Installation on wooden and/or metal stud frames**

This mounting method should be carried out in such a way that it is perpendicular, flush and does not exceed a maximum stud distance of 600 mm. For distances between 400 – 600 mm, the minimum required thickness of wedi building board is 20 mm. For distances between 400 – 300 mm the minimum

Application guidelines
II. Tiling wedi building boards

The tiling of the building boards can be started directly after the sealing/reinforcement has been completed without any further preliminary treatment of the building boards. Universal tile adhesive is also recommended for the tiling. It must be ensured that all wall and floor joints including the corner joints are carried out as expansion joints.

III. Applying plasters to wedi building boards

Primer must be applied to wedi building boards before plastering. The manufacturer’s specifications must be observed.

IV. Important information on processing and storing wedi building boards

When installing heavy objects such as wash basins or toilet pans as well as folding seats, support handles or similar objects, it must be ensured that they are mounted in the wall behind or in suitable installation frames. It must be ensured that the load transfer is also guaranteed in the area of pressure points. For this kind of application, the tile size must be at least 10 x 10 cm and the tile thickness at least 7 mm. Spot fastening of building boards as well as free-standing applications are not permissible in this area. Lightweight objects (e.g. soap dish, toilet roll holder) can be fastened using wedi Tools cavity dowels set. Building boards with a thickness of 6 mm are only suitable for full-surface bonding. They are not suitable for spot bonding or assembly on a frame structure. To be able to fully use the waterproof properties of wedi building boards, wedi Tools sealing tape should be applied to the butt joints. Full-surface bonding of butt joints using wedi 610 adhesive sealant is another type of sealing. Furthermore, it must be ensured that any penetrations of the building board, such as those made for pipes or mounting with screws or dowels, are sealed with suitable sealing materials. The above recommendations only relate to wall applications in interior spaces with a normal room temperature. When using the building board in swimming pools, cold stores etc., please contact us for prior consultation. wedi building boards should be stored in a lying position irrespective of their thickness. It must be protected against direct sunlight and moisture. Processing with solvent-containing substances must be avoided. The information contained in this document is correct to the best of our knowledge and was proven by numerous laboratory and practical tests. However, it does not represent any assurance in the legal sense.
b) On wooden substrates

The load-bearing capacity of existing timber beam ceiling structures must be checked. The wooden structure must not give way or buckle (maximum sag: l/300) and must be as rigid as possible and secured against height offsets. Loose planks or floorboards must be screwed down again if necessary. Uneven floorboards must be levelled (injection-mould floorboard joints, apply primer to the plank floor and level it with leveling compound).

The following minimum specifications for the wooden substructure must be complied with:

- Wood-based panels ≥ 16 mm, ≥ 600 kg/m³
- Plywood panels: ≥ 16 mm, ≥ 520 kg/m³
- Planks/floorboards: ≥ 21 mm

The processing must be carried out as described under a.) In addition to this, after hardening of the thin-bed mortar but before reinforcement/sealing the joints, the building boards must be mounted mechanically using commercially available wood or drywall screws with wedi Tools washers (galvanised or stainless steel) at a minimum fixing rate of 5 washers/m². The insertion depth of the screws in the wooden structure must not be less than 20 mm and the screws must be tightened until the washer is flush with the building board surface. The sealing of the building board butt joints should be carried out as described under a). In areas of 20 m² or larger and in all areas with electric underfloor heating, the full-surface of the entire building board area must be reinforced with 600 mm wide reinforcement matting (recommendation: wedi Tools joint reinforcement tape 600 mm).

III. Important information on processing and storing wedi building boards

The above recommendations only relate to floor applications in living spaces and areas subject to loads similar to residential spaces. Rolling loads with high point loading are not permissible. wedi building boards should generally be stored in a lying position irrespective of their thickness. It must be protected against direct sunlight and moisture. Processing with solvent-containing substances must be avoided.

Due to the high compressive resistance, the building boards do not have impact sound insulation properties. The information contained in this document is correct to the best of our knowledge and was proven by numerous laboratory and practical tests. However, it does not represent any assurance in the legal sense.

C Laying building boards for sealing purposes in combination with tile and slab covering on wear resistance class A and B wall and floor surfaces

This applies to building boards being installed on directly exposed wall and floor surfaces in areas in which service and cleaning water is handled frequently or for a long period of time, such as areas around swimming pools and shower facilities, as well as to building boards being installed on wall and floor surfaces of indoor and outdoor tanks which are filled with potable water. The installation must be realised deviating from the general application guidelines described above. German General Technical Approvals can be found at www.wedi.eu.